



Monthly Report

Violations of the Israeli Occupation State and Colonizers in the Occupied Palestinian Territories in July, 2023



Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission

2023

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Colonization and Wall Resistance Commission
(CWRC)

On the Israeli Flagrant Violations
In the Occupied Palestine

Monthly Report
July

2023

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Forward

In July, the attacks of the Israeli occupation and its colonizers' militias hit an all-time high, given their nature that targets the Palestinian existence across the Palestinian land. Compared to previous months, the Palestinian citizen has become a target of both the Israeli occupation's official procedures and the occupation state's organized terrorism carried out by colonizer gangs.

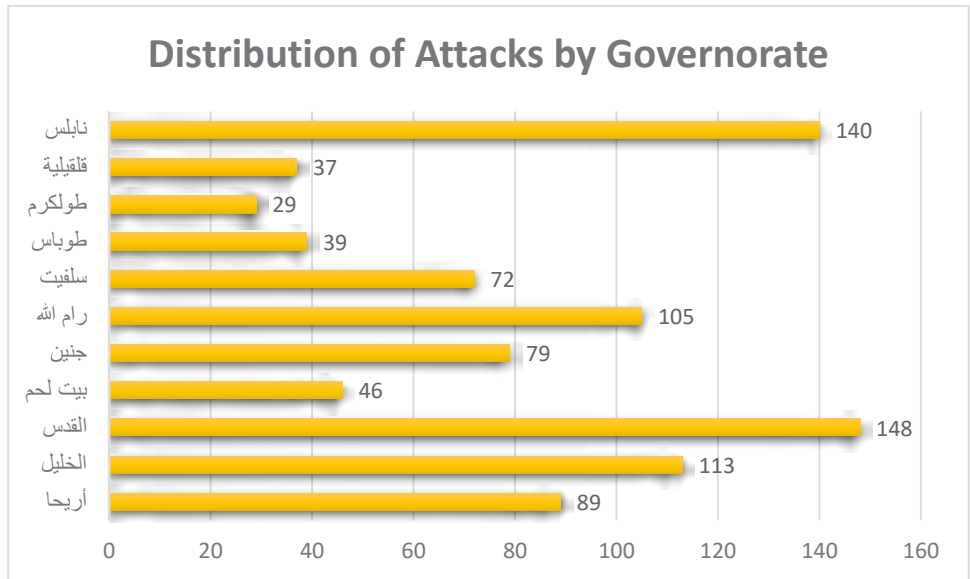
As a result, Palestinian citizens continue to pay a hefty price in terms of their personal security, lives, and property. The Israeli occupation state attempts to turn Palestinian lives into propaganda fodder to ensure the success of its government. This leads it to push its rabid colonizers' militias into committing these acts of violence and place its soldiers' hands on the triggers of death aimed at the hearts of the steadfast Palestinian resistance fighters in a battle where they pay everything to protect their land, properties, and very existence.

Mu'ayyad Shaa'ban

Head of the Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission

First: Attacks on Individuals and Property

The Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC) crews documented a total of 897 attacks during the period covered by the report (July 2023). These



attacks were carried out by different Israeli occupation state’s apparatuses, including its colonizers’ militias, directed at Palestinian citizens and their property.

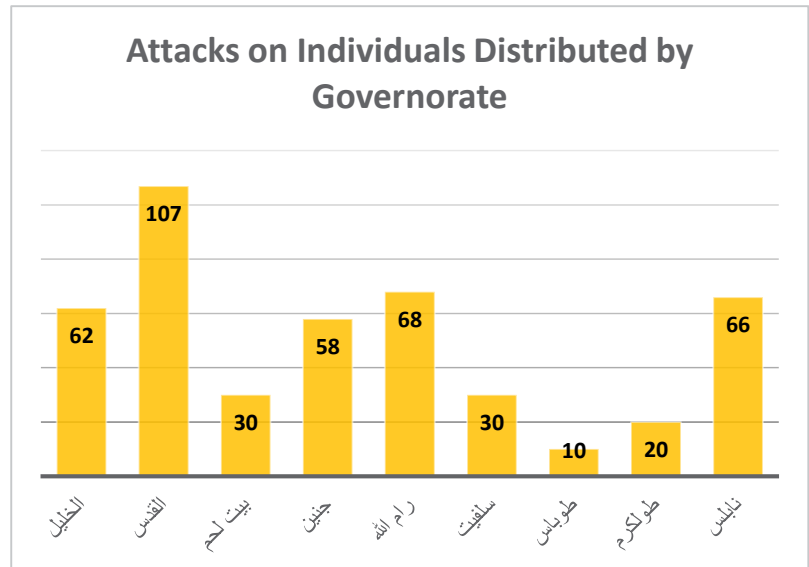
These attacks ranged from causing physical injury (through live ammunition, gas, or acts of terror), to acts of vandalism, looting, property theft, property confiscation, land-leveling, and tree uprooting. These attacks were concentrated in the Jerusalem Governorate, with 148 attacks, followed by the Nablus Governorate with 140 attacks. These Governorates bore the brunt of the attacks accounting for 60% of the total number of attacks.

These attacks were distributed as follows: 328 attacks on property, 69 attacks on land and natural resources, and 507 attacks directed at individuals, among others.

Violations by the Israeli Occupation Apparatuses’ and Its Colonizers’ Against Palestinian Citizens, their Property, and Places of Worship

a. Attacks on Individuals

CWRC crews were able to document 507 attacks on individuals during the period covered by the report (July 2023). These attacks were concentrated in the Jerusalem Governorate, with 107 attacks, followed by the Ramallah Governorate, with



68 attacks, then the Nablus Governorate, with 66 attacks, and the Hebron Governorate, with 62 attacks. These attacks ranged from shootings, to arrest campaigns, check-point closures, imposing traffic constraints on Palestinian citizens, and engaging in all types of terror against Palestinian citizens.

During the period covered by the report, these attacks led to the martyrdom of 26 Palestinian citizens at the hands of the Israeli occupation army.

Table (1) demonstrates the attacks on individuals distributed by governorate

Governor ate\ Attack Type	Jeric ho	Hebr on	Jerusal em	Bethleh em	Jeni n	Ramall ah	Salf it	Tub as	Tulkar m	Qalqil ya	Nabl us	Tot al
Martyrs	-	1	-	-	12	4	-	-	-	1	8	26
Arrests	12	23	77	13	19	24	5	6	12	6	11	208
Shootings	2	7	2	3	5	10	-	-	3	8	8	48
Restrictin g movement and preventin g access	4	6	6	5	10	6	10	1	2	8	8	66
Hit and run	-	6	5	2	2	4	5	2	-	2	4	32
Suffocatio n	-	10	6	3	3	11	3	1	-	4	13	54
Intimidati on and terrorizin g	8	9	11	4	7	9	7	-	3	1	14	73
Total	26	62	107	30	58	68	30	10	20	30	66	507

b. Attacks on Land and Natural Resources

The CWRC documented 69 attacks on lands and natural resources in the period covered by the report. These attacks were concentrated in the Nablus Governorate, with 19 attacks, followed by the Hebron Governorate, with 14 attacks, and the Ramallah and Salfit governorates, with 12 attacks each. These attacks caused damage to hundreds of dunums of citizens’ lands. During the period covered by the report the colonizers attempted to establish 12 colonial outposts on private Palestinian lands. The Israeli occupation forces, along with its colonizers’ militias, carried out 15 land-leveling operations. These operations were concentrated in the Nablus, Salfit, and Hebron governorates, with 4 incidents each¹.

¹ Table (3), page ()

c. Attacks on Trees and Crops

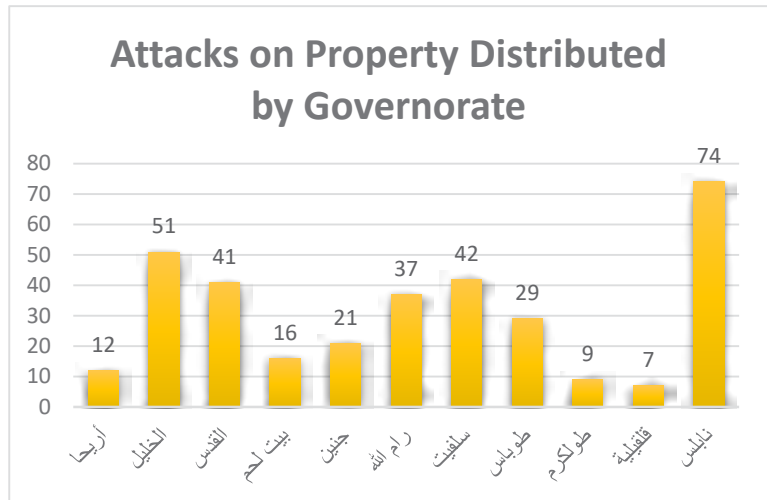
The number of attacks targeting Palestinian trees and crops a total of 38 incidents in the period covered by the report. The aftermath of these attacks was the uprooting, the damage, the poisoning, and the burning of a total of 2552 trees, 1720 of which were olive trees. These attacks were concentrated in the Nablus Governorate with 13 incidents that caused the damage, uprooting and burning of 1173 trees. Followed by the Hebron Governorate with 8 incidents that caused the damage of 695 trees, and Ramallah and Salfit governorates with 6 incidents each that caused the damage and uprooting of 532 trees in both governorates.

Table (2) demonstrates the distribution of attacks and the number of damaged trees by governorate

Governorate	No. of attacks	No. of damaged trees
Hebron	8	695
Bethlehem	3	150
Ramallah	6	147
Salfit	6	385
Nablus	13	1173
Tulkarm	2	2
Total	38	2552

d. Attacks on Palestinian Citizens' Property

During the period covered by the report (July 2023), the Israeli occupation forces and its colonizers' militias launched huge campaigns to confiscate, steal, and damage



Palestinian citizens' property. Those stolen property varied from tractors, bulldozers, home cameras, vehicles, sheep, poultry, tents, solar-powered flashlights, beehives, metal fences.

The total number of confiscations reached 147 during the period covered by the report². These attacks caused the confiscation, the theft, and the damaging of around 295 Palestinian properties. Some of the items confiscated were 3 camera recordings, 9 vehicles, 8 bulldozers, 5 tractors, 20 sheep, 27 beehives, 30 chickens, 12 sheep tables, 17 tents, 4 tires belonging to a tractor, 3 solar-powered flashlights, and 64 metal bows, 85 angle irons, and 8 sets of steel mesh used in building greenhouses.

² Table (3), page ()

Table (3) demonstrates attacks on Palestinian property and land by governorate

Type of attack\ Governorate	Jeric ho	Hebr on	Jerusal em	Bethleh em	Jeni n	Ramall ah	Salf it	Tub as	Tulkar m	Qalqil ya	Nabl us	Tot al
Notificatio ns	51	20	10	6	-	-	19	15	-	-	10	139
Attempt to establish a colonial outpost	-	2	1	1	-	5	2	-	-	-	1	12
Land-leveling	-	4	-	-	2	1	4	-	-	-	4	15
Property damage	8	3	9	2	9	14	9	7	3	5	24	93
Crop damage	2	8	-	3	-	6	6	-	2	-	13	40
Confiscati on and theft of property	1	5	2	3	5	9	2	5	4	2	16	54
Procedure s on the ground	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	4
Demolitio n	1	9	18	1	4	2	-	1	-	-	5	41
Total	61	51	41	16	21	37	42	29	9	7	74	388

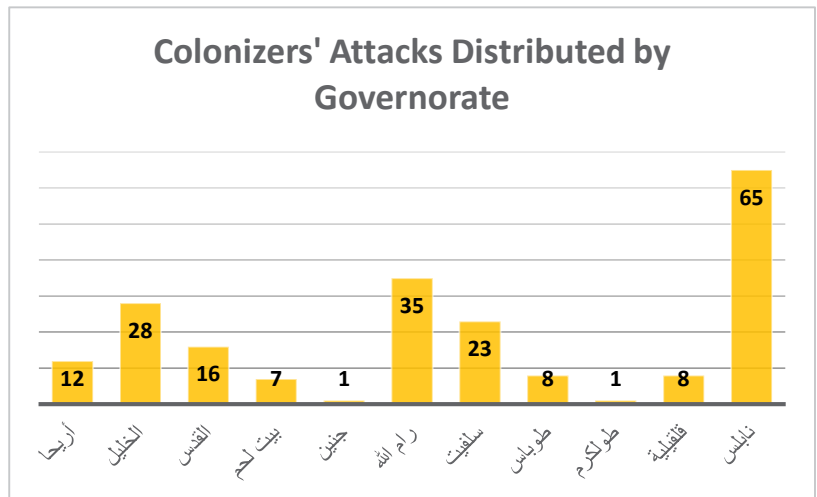
e. Colonizers' Attacks

The CWRC crews monitored, documented, and followed up a total of 204 attacks carried out by colonizers during the period covered by the report (July 2023). These attacks varied from participating and aiding with the Israeli

occupation army in its invasions of Palestinian communities and cities, to invading Palestinian villages, damaging (attacking) Palestinian property, writing racist slogans on the walls, and taking the initiative to bulldoze Palestinian owned lands as happened in the villages of Kufr al-Dik, Jalud, and Aqraba.

Colonizers also attacked Palestinian vehicles; 30 vehicles were damaged at varying degrees, some were completely damaged, some vandalized, broken, burned down, and some were thrown with rocks. They also wrote anti-Arab racist slogans on some of the cars.

All of that comes on top of the escalations of attacks on holy places, the most prominent of which is the break-ins of Al-Aqsa Mosque’s Courtyards in occupied Jerusalem. The number of colonizers’



incursions that occurred with the protection of the Israeli occupation army during the period covered by the report reached 20, they were carried out by 6480 colonizers. 86382 colonizers broke into the mosque under what is called “Tourism to the courtyards of Al-Aqsa Mosque”.

The geographical division of these attacks show the concentration of these attacks in the governorates of Nablus, Ramallah, Hebron and Salfit, as the colonizers carried out 65 attacks in the Nablus governorate, followed by the Ramallah governorate with 35 attacks, then the Hebron governorate with 28 attacks, and Salfit with 23 attacks.

(The side figure shows the escalation of colonizer attacks for the time period covered by the report compared to previous time periods).

The Israeli Occupation’s procedures against Palestinian Properties:

Demolitions:

According to the database of the Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC), and during the reporting period, the Israeli occupation authorities carried out 41 demolitions, targeted 44 facilities in West Bank and Jerusalem. Most of the demolitions were concentrated in the Jerusalem governorate which witnessed 18 demolitions that caused the demolition of 18 facilities in the Holy City, followed by Hebron governorate which witnessed 9 demolitions, and resulted in 11 demolished facilities.

The following chart shows that demolitions were concentrated in the central and southern regions of the West Bank (see the notifications section as well). The Israeli occupation seeks to displace the residents of these areas in favor of the colonial settlement project.

The demolitions documented during the reporting period, July 2023, included the following: inhabited facilities, uninhabited facilities, under construction facilities, agricultural facilities, caravans, commercial and industrial barracks, and water wells.

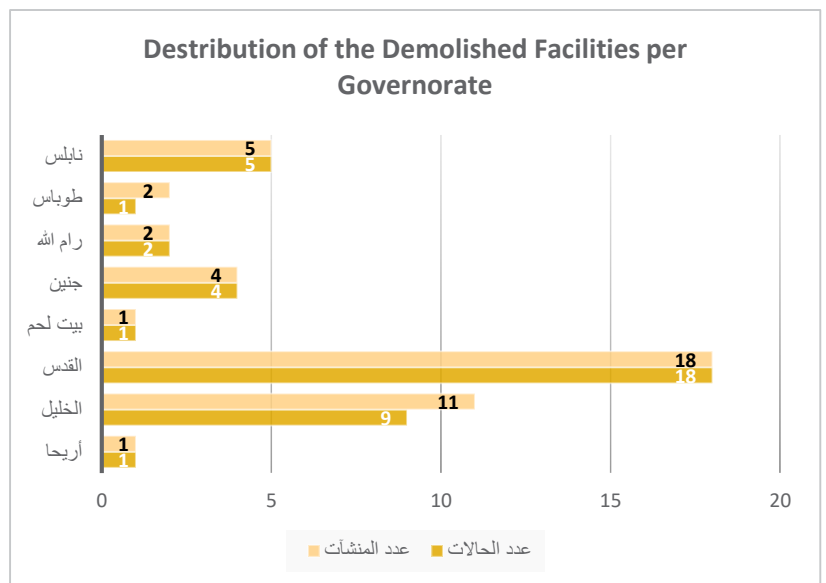
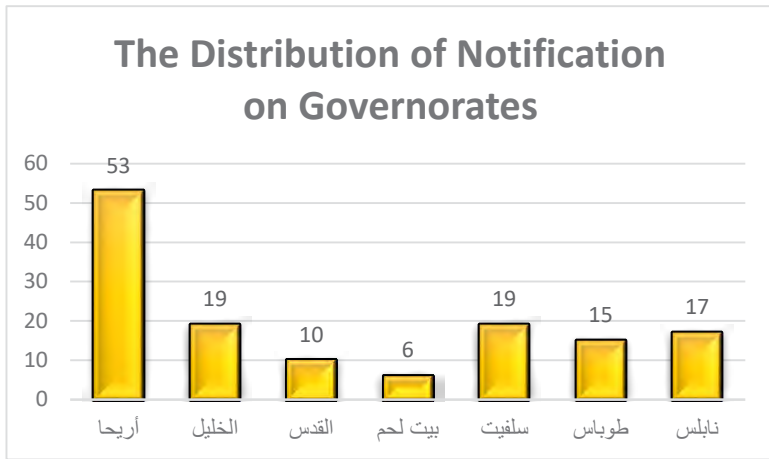


Table (4): the number of demolished facilities distributed per governorates & type of facility:

Governorate	Type of facility				Total
	Inhabited	Uninhabited	source of livelihood	Agricultural	
Jericho	1	-	-	-	1
Hebron	2	1	-	8	11
Jerusalem	7	-	1	10	18
Bethlehem	-	1	-	-	1
Jenin	3	-	-	1	4
Ramallah	-	-	1	1	2
Tubas	2	-	-	-	2
Nablus				5	5
Total	15	2	2	25	44

Notifications (Demolition, Construction Moratorium & Evacuation) in the West Bank

During July 2023, the Israeli occupation authorities issued 139 notices of demolition, construction moratorium, and evacuation of Palestinian facilities. These notices varied between orders of demolition, construction moratorium under the pretext of non-licensing and evictions orders under the pretext of conduction military training. Most of these notifications were concentrated in the governorate of Jericho which received 53 notifications. The governorates of Salfit and Hebron received 19 for each. Meanwhile, the rest of notifications were concentrated in the governorates of Nablus, Tubas and Jerusalem.



These notifications which were issued by the Israeli occupation authorities in the West Bank are considered one of the colonial tools of besieging the Palestinians in the area classified “C” and preventing them from urban development and expansion

there. Indeed, the Israeli occupation still imposes its control over planning in those areas and deprives the Palestinians of their right to prepare master plans and rejects them if they are submitted, in order to exploit area “C”, which represents 61% of the West Bank’s total area. However, the Israeli Occupation seeks to keep this area as a strategic reserve for the colonial expansion in the future.

Table (5): the distribution of notifications per type of notification & governorates:

Governorate	Type of Notification			Total
	Demolition	Construction Moratorium	Evacuation	
Jericho	51	-	2	53
Hebron	10	9	-	19
Jerusalem	10	-	-	10
Bethlehem	4	1	1	6
Salfit	9	10	-	19
Tubas	11	4	-	15
Nablus	10	7	-	17
Total	105	31	3	139

Israeli Occupation Measures Regarding Colonial Expansion

1- The Racist Laws and Bills Proposed by the Israeli Knesset:

The bills that were proposed for later approval in the Israeli Knesset clearly reflect the nature of the legislative stage in the occupying state for the next stage, which will be characterized by imposing much more restrictions on the Palestinians. These bills facilitate the colonies’ obtaining of additional privileges and subsidies, the thing which means more colonial expansion and a greater ability to attract colonizers to these colonies. Likewise, the legislative authorities seek to reformulate the concept of “terrorism” so that it constitutes a condemnation of any Palestinian activity that rejects occupation. In this section, we review the most prominent bills that were approved in the first reading, and which constitute a key to understanding what may happen in the next stage in the occupying state at the legislative level.

Laws\Bills	Date of discussion	No.	Reading Approval Stage	Illustrations
The Israeli concept of “terrorism,” lets Israelis to sue those who sponsor terrorism, the first of which, according to the bill, is the Palestinian National Authority.	31/7/2023	2967 /25 /ف	First Reading	It allows those affected by acts of resistance to sue the Palestinian Authority and fine it with exorbitant compensation

<p>This law constitutes that anyone convicted of supporting the Palestinian resistance, or a Palestinian resistance fighter, or raising the flag of an organization that Israel considers “terrorist” be tried under the “counter-terrorism” law, and not under the criminal law.</p>	<p>23/7/2023</p>	<p>2227 /25 /ف</p>	<p>First Reading</p>	<p>This bill prosecutes those who support the resistance and bans waving Palestinian flags on campuses.</p>
<p>A bill bans Pro-Palestinian Activism in Israeli Academic Institutions and calls for the dismissal of every student in Israeli institutes of higher education, which expresses his</p>	<p>23/7/2023</p>	<p>2368 /25 /ف</p>	<p>First Reading</p>	<p>A bill dismisses a university student who supports the Palestinian resistance and bans any political activity of Palestinian students in universities and colleges</p>

<p>political stance in support of Palestinian rights and the Palestinian resistance.</p>				
<p>This bill stipulates that the so called “Israeli Minister of Interior” has the authority to expel from the areas of Israel, or the areas under its control, the family of a resister, or any family member, including parents, brothers and children, if any one of them knows in advance about the resister intention to carry out the “attack”, or if they express their support</p>	<p>23/7/2023</p>	<p>ف/ 729 /25 ، ف/ 1299 /25 ف/ 1700 /25</p>	<p>First Reading</p>	<p>Three bills to deport a resister's family or one of its members in case if he/she announces his support or knowledge of the “attack” before it took place</p>

for this “attack”.				
This bill would ban funding for East Jerusalem schools teaching the official Palestinian curriculum, arguing that it includes ‘incitement to terrorism’	12/7/2023	3147 /25 /ف	First Reading	This bill intends to stop government funding for East Jerusalem schools that teach the Palestinian curriculum, arguing that it includes ‘incitement to terrorism’.
A bill to pay very high fines to those directly or indirectly affected by Palestinian “attacks”.	12/7/2023	3167 /25 /ف	First Reading	This bill imposes heavy financial fines on the Palestinian perpetrator of an “attack” against Israelis, for the benefit of those directly and indirectly affected by this “attack”. If this law is passed, these funds will be collected from Palestinian tax funds.
A bill states that the Israeli	10/7/2023	3168/25/ف	First Reading	This bill stipulates that the so-called

<p>colonies in the West Bank should obtain exceptional budgets, similar to the municipal councils in Israel</p>				<p>“Israeli Ministry of Interior “should deal with all colonies in the West Bank, just as the rest of the municipal councils in Israel, in terms of sharing and distributing budgets. This is considered a form of the creeping annexation of the West Bank.</p>
<p>A bill imposes a prison sentence on Palestinian children under the age of 14</p>	<p>10/7/2023</p>	<p>3058/25/ف</p>	<p>First Reading</p>	<p>This bill grants the Israeli courts power to impose prison sentences on children under the age of 14, in case he is involved in what is described in Israel as a “terrorist act” or an act on “national grounds”.</p>

The Colonial Expansion Plans Announced in July 2023:

Since the beginning of July 2023, the so-called “Supreme Planning Council” of the Occupation Civil Administration held many sessions to advance, deposit and approve master plans for the purpose of expanding existing colonies or changing the land designations that were previously controlled and transferred in favor of expanding colonies. Accordingly, and based on these sessions, 33 master plans were advanced (deposited and approved), and 310 colonial units were approved. Meanwhile, 622 colonial units were deposited, targeting 925,328 dunums of citizens' lands.

Table of the Master Plans that were advanced (deposited & approved) during July 2023:

Colony	No. of plan	Governorate	Ratification (Approval)	Deposition	Area (in dunums)
Ma'ale Adumim	/1 /4 /11 /1 /יש /420	Jerusalem			
Beit Arie	201 /3 /24 /יש	Ramallah			0.5
Yitzhar	/3 /4 /א /1 /יש /163	Nablus			
Nofim	119 /5 /3 /יש	Salfit			1
Oranit	/3 /9 /6 /יש /121	Qalqilia			0.672
Kfar Tappuah	131 /6 /יש	Salfit		136	24.5
Kfar Adumim	227 /9 /יש	Jerusalem		52	120.7
Kfar Tappuah	131 /6 /יש	Salfit		136	24.47
Barqan	128 /6 /יש	Salfit			4.56
Ma'ale Adumim	/1 /1 /36 /1 /יש /420	Jerusalem			0.478
Mahola	301 /2 /1 /יש	Tubas		2	22.35
Efrat	410 /3 /32 /יש	Bethlehem			
Efrat	410 /3 /29 /יש	Bethlehem			

Efrat	410 /4 /67 /יש	Bethlehem			1.4
El'azar	404 /2 /יש	Bethlehem		293	433
Efrat	410 /5 /81 /יש	Bethlehem			0.7
Efrat	410 /10 /1 /יש	Bethlehem			
Efrat	410 /2 /29 /יש	Bethlehem			17.78
Efrat	410 /3 /31 /יש	Bethlehem			
Ma'ale Adumim	/1 /3 /63 /יש 420	Jerusalem			
Ma'ale Adumim	/1 /20 /1 /יש 420	Jerusalem			27.8
Ma'ale Adumim	/1 /16 /79 /יש 420	Jerusalem			
Migdalim	142 /7 /יש	Nablus			10.2
Neve Daniel	402 /3 /2 /יש	Bethlehem	310		
Nofim	119 /5 /4 /יש	Salfit		1	0.518
Kfar Tappuah	131 /3 /1 /יש	Salfit			
Ma'ale Adumim	/1 /4 /11 /1 /יש 420	Jerusalem			
Mevo Dotan	104 /6 /יש	Jenin			6.4
Ma'ale Adumim	/1 /7 /11 /1 /יש 420	Jerusalem			
Beit Arie	201 /3 /30 /יש	Ramallah		2	1.3
Ma'ale Adumim	/1 /6 /31 /יש 420	Jerusalem			
Shadmot Mehola	302 /2 /3 /יש	Tubas			
Ma'ale Adumim	/1 /14 /4 /יש 420	Jerusalem			227
Total			310	622	925.328

3. The Israeli Procedures to Control over Palestinian Lands:

Seizures Orders:

Since the beginning of July 2023, the Israeli Occupation Authorities issued one seizure order No. (23/25/), which stipulates the confiscation of 0.402 dunums of citizens' lands in Qalqilia Governorate, specifically in the village of Jayyous, for the purpose of expanding a military site belonging to the occupation army. This decision is valid until the 31st 12/2027.

A map shows the lands targeted by the Israeli Seizure Order No. (23/25/ת).

