



Violations of the Israeli Occupation

State and Colonizers in the Occupied

Palestinian Territories in September, 2023



2023

Colonization and Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC)

On the Israeli Flagrant Violations In the Occupied Palestine

> Monthly Report September

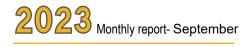
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Ramalah 2023

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Foreword:

Recently, the Israeli flagrant violations have adopted a new strategy through which the nature of these violations and the mechanism through which they are carried out have been changed. That is, most of these attacks are perpetrated by the colonizers who are protected by the Israeli occupation army. However, protection is not the only thing that the occupying state offers for its colonizers. Recently, extremist Israeli organizations, specifically the so-called "Rejavim Zionist Organization", which is an organization led by extremist colonizers, have begun working to monitor construction in the Palestinian areas, and specifically in those areas classified "C".

This organization does not only monitor the Palestinian construction but also issues orders for the occupying state's bodies to carry out real construction moratorium steps. That is, when talking about the real steps, the talk is about the direct demolition of these Palestinian facilities. The official bodies of the occupying state are colluding with extremist colonial organizations in public, the thing which gives a logical and significant explanation for the frenzied attack led by the occupying state against Palestinian construction, and against the natural growth of the Palestinians in their lands.

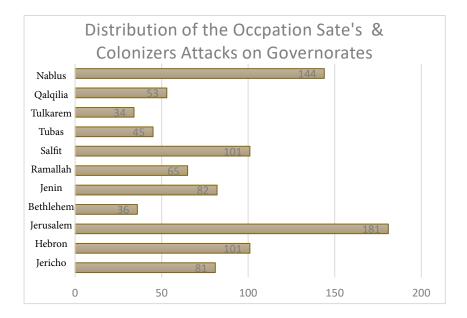
Mu'ayyad Shaa'ban

Head of the Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC)

First: Violations of the Israeli Occupation State & Colonizers in the Occupied Palestinian Territories during September 2023:

During the reporting period, September 2023, the Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC) monitored 923 attacks. These attacks were carried out by the various bodies of the occupying state, including its colonial militia, against the Palestinian citizens and their properties. These attacks included physical injuries, whether by live bullets or gas, as well as incursions, sabotage, theft, confiscation of properties, bulldozing lands, and uprooting trees.

However, these attacks were concentrated in the governorate of Jerusalem which witnessed 181 attacks, followed by Nablus Governorate (144 attacks), then Hebron and Salfit Governorates (101 attacks for each). These governorates witnessed about (56%) of the total colonial attacks. These attacks included 304 attacks on property, 37 attacks on lands and natural resources, 582 attacks on citizens.



a- The occupying state's and colonizers' attacks on Palestinian citizens, their property, and holy places:

Colonial Attacks on citizens:

During the reporting period, September 2023, the Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC) documented 582 attacks on citizens. Most of these attacks were concentrated in Jerusalem Governorate which witnessed 137 attacks. Meanwhile, Hebron Governorate witnessed 80 attacks. Then, there were 67 attacks in Jenin Governorate. These attacks varied between shooting, arrest campaigns, shutting

down checkpoints, traffic restrictions on citizens, and intimidation. These attacks caused the martyrdom of 13 Palestinian citizens, 5 of them in Jenin governorate and 3 in Tulkarm.

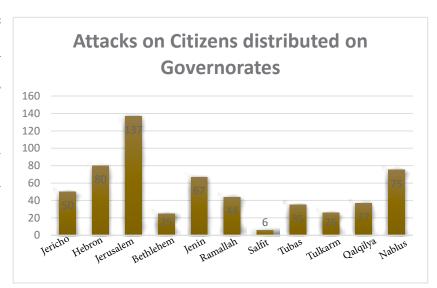


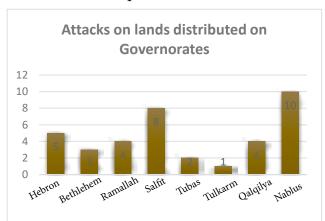
Table (1): the Israeli attacks on individuals distributed per governorates:

	Jericho	Hebron	Jerusalem	Bethlehem	Jenin	Ramallah	Salfit	Tubas	Tulkarm	Qalqilia	Nablus	Total
Martyrs	2	1	-	-	5	1	-	1	3	-	-	
Arresting citizens	11	20	93	7	16	9	1	13	11	9	11	
Shooting	4	2	4	1	2	2	-	2	1	9	8	
Restriction on movement	6	33	17	3	23	14	2	10	4	9	13	
Hitting and Running over	2	8	5	4	3	3	ı	3	-	1	8	
suffocation	15	8	2	2	7	1	1	-	2	6	14	
Intimidation	10	8	16	8	11	14	2	6	5	3	21	
Total	50	80	137	25	67	44	6	35	26	37	75	

• Attacks on Lands & Natural Resources:

During September 2023, the Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC) has documented 37 attacks on Palestinian lands and properties. These attacks were concentrated in Nablus Governorate which witnessed 10 attacks, followed by Salfit Governorate (8 attacks). Meanwhile, 5 attacks were recorded in Hebron governorate. These attacks affected hundreds of dunums of citizens' lands. The reporting period, September 2023, witnessed 7 colonial attempts to establish outposts on citizens'

lands. In addition, the Israeli occupation forces as well as its colonizers carried out 8 bulldozing lands' operations. Most of these operations were recorded in Salfit Governorate which witnessed 4 operations, followed by Bethlehem, Ramallah, Tulkarm and Nablus governorates¹.



• Assaults on Trees:

During the reporting period, September 2023, the Colonization & Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC) documented 20 attacks that targeted olive trees and caused the uprooting and burning of 728 trees among which there were 714 olive trees.

Most of these assaults were concentrated in Nablus governorate where 7 attacks were recorded and caused the uprooting of 110 trees. Next, there were an attack in Hebron, Ramallah, Salfit and Qalqilia governorate that caused the uprooting and burning of 614 trees.

Table (2) clarifies the number of the uprooted trees in several governorates:

¹ Table No. (3)

Governorate	Number of trees
Hebron	153
Bethlehem	4
Ramallah	74
Salfit	335
Qalqilia	52
Nablus	110
Total	728

• Attacks on the property of Palestinian citizens:

During the reporting period, September 2023, the Israeli occupation forces along with the colonial militias carried out several campaigns to confiscate, steal, and sabotage citizens' property. These properties included agricultural tractors, bulldozers, home cameras, vehicles, sheep, poultry, tents, solar-powered searchlights, beehives, and metal fences. During September 2023, the Israeli occupation carried out 304 attacks on properties² causing the vandalism, and theft of approximately 108 Palestinian properties, including the confiscation of 4 camera recordings, 5 vehicles, 5 bulldozers, 4 agricultural tractors, 4 trucks, the goods of vendors at Damascus Gate in, water pipes, NIS 6,000 was also stolen by the occupation army, in addition to 4 sheep, 3 solar panels, medicines, a donkey, and purchases for a citizen, olive fruits. Furthermore, two houses, one of which was in Jerusalem and the other is in Hebron were seized by the colonists.

² Table No.(3)

Table (3) shows the distribution of the colonial attacks on lands and property by governorate:

	Jericho	Hebron	Jerusalem	Bethlehem	Salfit	Jenin	Ramallah	Tubas	Tulkarm	Qalqilia	Nablus	Total
Notifications	27	3	21	2	83	-	-	-	-	4	28	168
Establishing an outpost	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	2	7
Bulldozing lands	-	-	-	1	4	_	1	-	1	-	1	8
Property Vandalism	2	6	4	2	_	6	13	6	6	4	24	73
Uprooting Trees	-	3	-	1	3		3			3	7	20
Confiscation of Properties	-	7	3	3	2	7	4	1	1	3	4	35
Imposing Actions on ground	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2
Demolitions	2	-	16	1	2	2	-	1	-	1	3	28
Total	31	21	44	11	95	15	21	10	8	16	69	341

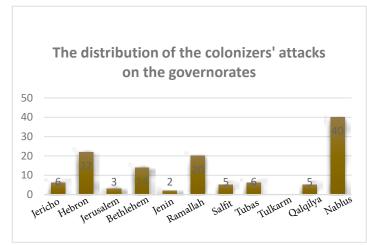
• Colonizers' Attacks:

According to what was monitored and documented by the Colonization and Wall Resistance Commission (CWRC) during the reporting period, the colonizers carried out 123 organized attacks. These attacks varied between the occupation army's protection of the colonists in their storming of Palestinian cities and communities, breaking into Palestinian villages, confiscating citizens' property, drawing racist slogans on the walls, and bulldozing lands, as what happened in the villages of Qaryut, Qusra, Jit, Madma, Azzun, Yasuf, Kafr al Dik, Masha and Um Safa.

In addition, 15 vehicles were attacked, either by damaging, vandalism, breaking windows, burning, stone-throwing, as well as drawing racist graffiti on these vehicles. The most prominent of these colonial attacks was storming the holy places; among which is the squares of Al-Aqsa Mosque in the occupied city of Jerusalem. During the reporting period, September 2023, 4404 Israeli colonizers, protected by the occupation army, carried out 20 raids into Al-Aqsa Mosque Squares. Besides, 74018 colonizers carried out provocative tours under what is called "tourism to the squares of Al-Aqsa Mosque."

However, most of these attacks were concentrated in Nablus Governorate, as the colonists carried out 40 attacks, followed by Hebron Governorate which witnessed 22 attacks, then Ramallah Governorate where 20 attacks were recorded.

A chart showing the escalation in the colonizers' attacks during the reporting period as compared to previous periods.



Examples on colonizers' attacks perpetrated against Palestinian citizens:

On Friday, September 29, 2023, a group of colonizers attacked the citizen, Muhammad Salama Dre'at, 29 years old, from Al-Nuweimah village Jericho, while he was traveling along the Al-Mu'rrajat Road, north of Jericho and the Jordan



Valley. The citizen, sustained injuries and bruises throughout his body, and was sent to the hospital for treatment.

On Sunday, September 1, 2023, group of colonizers threw stones at citizens'

vehicles entering Ramallah through Beit El checkpoint north of Ramallah, wounding the child Yazan Jaber, 10 years old, from the village of Dhanaba /Tulkarm, who was with his family, heading from Jenin to Ramallah. The colonizers overtook the Jaber family's vehicle and threw stones at the car, causing the child to suffer a serious injury in his jaw, after which he underwent surgery at Ramallah Hospital.

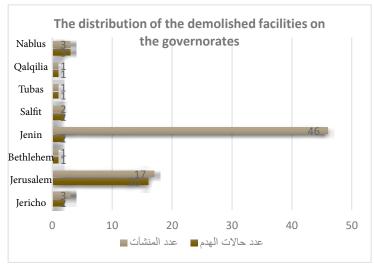


Colonizers chased sheep shepherds in Masafer Yatta on Friday, September 22, 2023, and sprayed pepper gas on the 4-year-old child, Usaayed Khaled Al-Hadar. The child sustained burns, after which he was transferred to Yatta Governmental Hospital. They also attacked the child's father and prevented him from grazing his sheep on his land, in preparation for seizing and confiscating it, in favor of expanding Susya colony which was established on citizens' lands.



<u>b</u>: Israeli Occupation's Procedures & Measures against Palestinian Facilities: Demolitions:

During September 2023, the Israeli Occupation Authorities carried out 28 demolition operations, affecting 74 facilities in the West Bank, including the city of Jerusalem. Most of the demolition operations were concentrated in Jerusalem governorate, which witnessed 16 demolition operations, and causing the demolition of 17 facilities. Meanwhile, 2 demolition operations were documented in Jenin Governorate, causing the demolition of 46 facilities. In Nablus and Jericho Governorates, 3 demolition operations were perpetrated in each of them, causing the demolition of 6 facilities. The following chart shows that demolition operations were concentrated in the central and northern parts of the West Bank.



The demolitions carried out during the reporting period, September 2023, included the following facilities: inhabited facilities, uninhabited facilities, under construction facilities, agricultural facilities, caravans, commercial and industrial barracks, and water wells.

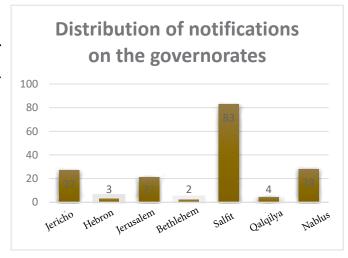
Table (4): the number of facilities that were demolished distributed per governorates & type of facility:

Governorate		Total			
	Inhabited	Uninhabited	source of	Agricultural	
			livelihood		
Jericho	-	2	-	1	3
Jerusalem	4	-	12	1	17
Bethlehem	1	-	-	-	1
Jenin	-	1	45	-	46
Salfit	ı	-	1	1	2
Tubas	-	1			1
Qalqilia	-	-	-	1	1
Nablus	1	1	1		3
Total	6	5	59	4	74

Notifications (Demolitions, Construction Moratoriums, and Evictions)

During the reporting period, September 2023, The Israeli occupation forces issued

168 notifications of demolition, construction moratorium, and eviction of Palestinian facilities under the pretext of lacking a license or an eviction to conduct training. military Most of these notifications were issued in Salfit Governorate which received 83 notifications, followed by **Nablus**



Governorate which received 28 notifications, while, 27 notifications were recorded

in Jericho governorate. The rest of the notifications were distributed in the governorates of Jerusalem, Qalqilia, Hebron and Bethlehem.

These notifications which were issued by the Israeli occupation authorities in the West Bank are considered one of the colonial tools of besieging the Palestinians in the area classified "C" and preventing them from urban development and expansion there, since the Israeli occupation imposes its control over planning in those areas and deprives the Palestinians from their right to prepare master plans and rejects them if they are submitted. Such measures aim to exploit area "C", which represents 61% of the West Bank's total area. However, the Israeli Occupation seeks to keep this area as a strategic reserve for the colonial expansion in the future.

Table (5): the distribution of notifications according to their type by governorate:

Governorate		tion	Total	
	Demolition Construction Evacuation Moratorium		Evacuation	
Jericho	13	14	-	27
Hebron	1	2	-	3
Jerusalem	21	-	-	21
Bethlehem	-	2	-	2
Salfit	1	82	-	83
Qalqilia	-	-	4	4
Nablus	2	1	25	28
Total	38	101	29	168

Second: Israeli Occupational Procedures for Colonial Expansion Purposes

1. Laws and Regulations

The bill referred to below, which carries the number 1406, completes all the occupation's legislative steps to accomplish the annexation project, this time within the framework of what is known as the legalization of illegal colonial outposts, through which it attempts to solidify the status of the colonial outposts and neighborhoods that were illegally (in violation of the law) established in the West Bank and designated for settlement. This bill attempts to acknowledge that until the end of this "settlement" process, colonizers will receive all municipal services, including water and electricity networks. Additionally, this bill freezes all law enforcement procedures (measures) against illegal construction. It is important to note that the Knesset does not have authoritative power (governing authority) over the occupied West Bank, which is under occupation rule. The Knesset declaring itself as the legislative body in the occupied West Bank is tantamount to the implementation of Israeli occupation law and judiciary there, i.e. annexation.

Bill	ll Date of		Reading	Bill Justification
	Discussion	No.	Approval Stage	
Legalization	Preliminary	25/1406/ ב	September 1,	"To avoid harm to
of colonial	reading		2023.	citizens in the
outposts				neighbourhoods and
				towns designated
				for settlement, we
				propose in the bill
				that the planning
				authorities in Judea

and Samaria finalize the settlement process in the neighborhoods and towns owned by the state and in need of settlement. Throughout the settlement period, residents living in these areas will have access to all municipal services, including electricity and water networks. It is also proposed government that officially offices recognize these neighborhoods and towns in all aspects, budgets, such as assistance in infrastructure, and the establishment of educational and

		necessary	pu	blic
		buildings	for	the
		well-being	of	the
		citizens".		

1. Most Prominent Decisions of the Israeli Occupation's Cabinet

This part of the report documents the most prominent Israeli government decisions made by the Israeli occupation government meetings that are periodically held. It deliberately monitors all decisions made by the occupation's cabinet concerning the lands of the West Bank and Jerusalem in terms of the facilities enacted in favour of colonies or any decisions that strengthen the apartheid system imposed against the Palestinians to impose a Jewish colonial dominance that isolates Palestinians and restricts their rights.

In the period covered by the report, 4 Israeli occupation cabinet decisions were enacted, 2 of them were related to granting facilities to attract colonizers into the West Bank colonies, specifically in the issue of renewing the validity of the National Priority Areas Law, which is a law that grants privileges and facilities to most colonies as priority areas. The second decision provides exemptions and facilities for movement, which tempts colonizers to come to the colonies to reside and work within the 1948 lands.

The third decision, which is the most dangerous, requires transferring a sum of 5 million shekels to the benefit of pastoral youth colonial outposts, which are considered a hotbed for the terrorist Hilltop Youth.

No.	Decision Details
909	The decision appoints a member and a deputy member
	to the Council of State Lands of the Occupation State. It
	is decided, according to Article 4A (A) and Article 4A
	(A5) of the Israeli occupation's Land Authority Law,
	1960-1957, to appoint the Acting and a member of the
	Council of State Lands of the Occupation State as
	follows: 1. Raanan Amoyal, Head of the Planning and
	Agricultural Land Department, Acting Representative of
	the Minister of Agriculture and Rural Development. 2.
	Yitzhak Vaknin, representative of the National Fund for
	Israel. The decision was made in accordance with
	Article 19 (B) of the government work Regulations.
918	The decision stipulates the implementation of the
	coalition agreements for 2023, which involve allocating
	around ILS 5 million from the budget in favour of the
	colonial Youth Village described as being in danger,
	which is considered one of the aspects of supporting
	youth settler-colonial activities (agricultural and
	pastoral colonial outposts) on the lands of the West Bank
	and Jerusalem.
	909

localities and areas with national priority, renewing support for them as national priority areas that the Israeli occupation government commits to providing additional incentives and privileges for. The referenced government decision involves assigning the Ministry of Construction and Housing to finance the planning and development costs in these priority areas by a percentage ranging from 20% to 70%. Moreover, it includes an increase in the size of loans offered to individuals interested in residing in these colonies. Although the modified map includes 586 colonial residential clusters, according to the classification adopted, the majority of colonies (more than 80% of them) fall within the first and second categories (A1 + A2) on that list. This implies that the level of support for them ranges between 50% and 70%. Additionally, alongside this classification, three other criteria were adopted to calculate the value of support. These criteria are tailored to the size of the colonies, favoring rural over urban clusters, single-family homes over multi-story buildings, and areas with more steep slopes. The occupation government extended this decision until mid-2024. September 920 According to the decision, discounts on public	September	919	The government decision stipulates the identifying of
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10 2023 transportation will be given in specific regions	1	920	
10, 2023 Hansportation will be given in specific regions.	10, 2023		transportation will be given in specific regions.

Regarding these transportation-related discounts, a set of specifications has been agreed upon for these areas. Upon reviewing the specifications, we notice their application to both colonies and regional councils of colonies. This implies that the occupation state will implement general reductions in transportation, thereby facilitating access from the heart of the occupation state to all colonies in the West Bank. This serves as one of the forms of incentives and attractions for people to come and reside in these colonies. This is what we infer from the text of the decision: considerations of designating the mentioned regions and assemblies above as a priority national area for the purpose of providing transportation discounts according to this decision. These considerations include the economic and social strength of the region or locality, its level of services, the geographic location of the region or locality, its distance from population centres and the state's centre, and the necessity of reducing gaps between the region or locality and other regions or localities or between resident population groups in the region or locality and other population groups, etc.

3. Colonial Expansion in the West Bank

This part of the report attempts to document all the colonial master plans (approved and deposited for later approval) studied by the planning committees affiliated with the occupation's so-called "Civil Administration". The documentation process points to the fact that the planning bodies studied 16 master plans in September 2023 that aim at constructing 816 colonial units on an area of 4414 dunums. 5 of these master plans that aim at constructing 684 units on an area of 204 dunums were approved, while 11 master plans were deposited for later approval. These 11 deposited master plans aim at allocating 4000 dunums of confiscated lands in favour of the colonial project and in favour of constructing 132 colonial units on an area of 170 dunums.

Table of Master Plans that Have Been Studied (Deposited and Approved) Since the Beginning of September 2023

Colony	Plan No.	Governorate	Approved	Deposited	Area in Dunum	Clarifications
Ma'ale	יוש / 61/					
Adumim	7/ 1/					Public
	420					buildings
		Jerusalem		0	78	

Modi'in Ilit	איוש 3/ 8/210	Ramallah	0		40	Public buildings
Modi'in Ilit	יוש 8/ 1/ 6/ 210	Ramallah		0	4	Public parks
Modi'in Ilit	יוש 1/ 17/210	Ramallah		0	4000	
Modi'in Ilit	עיוש 4/ 2/ 6/ 210	Ramallah		0	6.6	Public buildings
Modi'in Ilit	יוש 3/ 2/ 6/ 210	Ramallah		0	8.36	Public buildings

Giv'at Ze'ev	/ 16/ / 10/ 220					Doubling residential units
		Jerusalem	58		58	
Ets Efraim	יוש / 16/ 126				5.8	Turning residential area A to residential building area
		Salfit		12		A
Sha'arei Tikva	יוש 7/ 122	C-154				
		Salfit		6		
Giv'at Ze'ev	יוש / 31/ 220	Jerusalem	486		54.8	Expanding a residential neighborhood

Carmel	עוי/ 2/ 1/507	Hebron	42		57	Level 2 expansion
Giv'at Ze'ev	שוי/ 28/ 10/ 220	Jerusalem	98		34	Doubling residential units
Rimonim	יוש/ 3/ 224	Ramallah		114	63.84	Public buildings for commercial and agricultural uses
Har Gillo	יוש / 3/ 2/401	Hebron		0		Change the zoning from public housing and commercial to commercial,

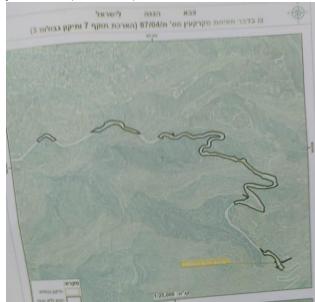
						employment and public buildings
Gush	יוש / 5/				3	
Etzion	2/414					
		Hebron		0		
Efrat	יוש / 49/ 5/410	Bethlehem			.65	Change building lines for building area, maximum building height and floors
Total			684	132	4414.05	

Cells in orange mean approved master plans

Cells in white mean deposited master plans

4. Land Control Measures: Renewing Land Seizure Orders for Military Purposes

On the 19th of September 2023, under the pretext of security and military purposes according to the occupation's allegation, the Israeli occupation forces renewed a land seizure order of 350 dunums of private lands in the villages of Qatanna, Al-Qubeiba, Beit 'Anan north of Jerusalem, and Bayt Liqya west of Ramallah. The area targeted by the seizure order was confiscated in 2004 to establish sections of the Annexation and Expansion Wall on the lands of the villages of the Jerusalem and Ramallah governorates. The occupation claims that these sections of the Wall will serve a temporary security need for the occupation state. However, the occupation state keeps claiming that the security purpose is still in effect; it continues to seize the lands of Palestinian citizens in violation of the simplest rules of international law and international resolutions that criminalize colonies and the control of citizen lands under occupation adding that security reasons are just one of the means the occupation uses to control Palestinian lands in favor of the settler-colonial project.



Map of Military Order (T\04\87) for the Renewal of a Seizure Order

Notes

- Since 2014, the Israeli occupation state has issued a total of 226 orders renewing previous orders issued a decade or more ago whose specified validity has expired according to military decisions. Instead of returning the lands to their rightful owners, the occupation state has chosen to renew these orders, indicating a clear desire to persist in controlling the land.
- During the same period, 85 military orders were also issued, stipulating the seizure of 1822 dunums of privately owned citizens' lands for military purposes. The majority of these orders involve establishing or expanding military points and sites or constructing roads used by the occupation army.

Third: Inciting the leaders of the Israeli occupation state against the Palestinians

In recent times, the leaders of the Israeli occupation started making their racist statements unabashedly who reveal their racist statements, revealing their superiority complexes and racist stances. These statements show their complete disregard for the most fundamental human rights in one of the manifestations of the terrorism of the occupying state.

In this section of the report, we quickly review the most prominent of these statements.

- On September 20, 2023: MK Limor Son Har-Melech of Ben Gvir's party speaks about the killer of the Dawabsheh family, saying: "He is innocent... holy righteous man".
- On September 18, 2023: According to the Israeli website, Wallah!: the Israeli occupation Ministry of Foreign Affairs attacks UNESCO's decision to declare Tal es-Sultan in Jericho as a Palestinian heritage site. It considers it a piece of evidence for their support of Palestinians and the politicization of UNESCO. It also indicates that the Israeli occupation will work to change all the decisions that have been made.
- In a tweet posted on the "X- Twitter" platform, Orit Strook, the Minister of the so-called "Ministry of Settlement and National Missions": "Once again UNESCO makes a disgraceful move in denying history. Such a decision does not change the simple truth that the history of Jericho and its exceptional sovereignty belongs to the people of Israel and the state of Israel. This decision is a mark of shame on Director-General Audrey Azoulay, who previously affirmed that the organization does not accept decisions that are antagonistic to Israel".
- September 16, 2023: The Minister of Information in the Israeli occupation government, Galit Distel, stated in a press release: "The Palestinians do not have the right to this land because they are not an ancient people." She added, "Anything we do to the Palestinians on our land has its justifications."

- September 9, 2023: The extremist so-called Minister of "National Security," Itamar Ben Gvir, stated to the "Yedioth Ahronoth" newspaper, "If we do not make the conditions for prisoners tougher, then what we established a government for?" He also said, "I will not allow the continuation of summer camps in prisons." He added, "I reject the situation that dedicates summer camps to troublemakers in prisons, and I reject the situation when they tell me, Sir, this is not the right timing. If we don't make the change, why did we establish a government then?"
- September 5, 2023: The Israeli occupation Minister of Tourism, Haim Kats, regarding joining the U.S. visa waiver program, stated, "This endeavor (referring to allowing holders of American visas from Palestinians to enter the country) will force us to allow the entry of undesirable individuals from Palestinians."